

4.6 Variation of Parameters

Sug Hw: odds 1-17

Variation of parameters is a method for finding a particular soln $y_p(t)$ of a nonhom. linear DE

provided we know two linear indep. soln of $y_1(t), y_2(t)$ of the corresponding homog. DE
 $ay'' + by' + cy = 0$.

We assume

$$y_p(t) = v_1(t) y_1 + v_2(t) y_2$$

$$y_p' = v_1 y_1' + v_1' y_1 + v_2 y_2' + v_2' y_2$$

We assume

$$v_1' y_1 + v_2' y_2 = 0$$

so
and

$$y_p' = v_1 y_1' + v_2 y_2'$$

$$y_p'' = v_1 y_1'' + v_1' y_1' + v_2 y_2'' + v_2' y_2'$$

Therefore,

$$ay_p'' + by_p' + cy_p = \begin{matrix} c v_1 y_1 \\ + b v_1 y_1' \\ + a v_1 y_1'' \end{matrix} + \begin{matrix} c v_2 y_2 \\ + b v_2 y_2' \\ + a v_2 y_2'' \end{matrix}$$

$$+ a v_1' y_1' + a v_2' y_2'$$

$$= a v_1' y_1' + a v_2' y_2' =$$

Since $ay_1'' + by_1' + cy_1 = 0$
 & $ay_2'' + by_2' + cy_2 = 0$.

Hence, we want

$$\begin{matrix} y_1 v_1' + y_2 v_2' = 0 \\ y_1' v_1' + y_2' v_2' = \frac{g}{a} \end{matrix}$$

Solve these equations for v_1', v_2' . Then find v_1, v_2 & y_p .

Example (Final Exam Sp. 2000) (#5)

(24)

Find the general solⁿ of the DE

$$y'' - 2y' + y = \frac{e^t}{t}, \quad \text{for } t > 0.$$

* First we solve the homog. DE

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 0.$$

A.E:

$$r^2 - 2r + 1 = 0$$

$$(r - 1)^2 = 0$$

$r = 1$ is a double root.

Hence $y_1 = e^t$, $y_2 = te^t$ are two lin. indep. sol^s.

* We use variation of parameters to find a particular solⁿ.

Let

$$y_p = v_1 y_1 + v_2 y_2 = v_1 e^t + v_2 te^t.$$

We solve

$$y_1 v_1' + y_2 v_2' = 0$$

$$y_1' v_1' + y_2' v_2' = \frac{g}{a} = \frac{e^t}{t}$$

$$e^t v_1' + te^t v_2' = 0$$

$$e^t v_1' + (e^t t + e^t) v_2' = \frac{e^t}{t}$$

$$e^t v_2' = e^t/t, \quad v_2' = 1/t.$$

$$\text{So } v_2 = \int \frac{1}{t} dt \quad \& \quad v_2 = \ln t.$$

$$v_1' = -tv_2' = -1, \quad \& \quad v_1 = -t.$$

$$\text{Hence } y_p = -te^t + (\ln t) te^t,$$

and the general solⁿ is given by

$$y = c_1 e^t + c_2 te^t - te^t + (\ln t) te^t,$$

for c_1, c_2 any constants.