

(36)

(2)

So

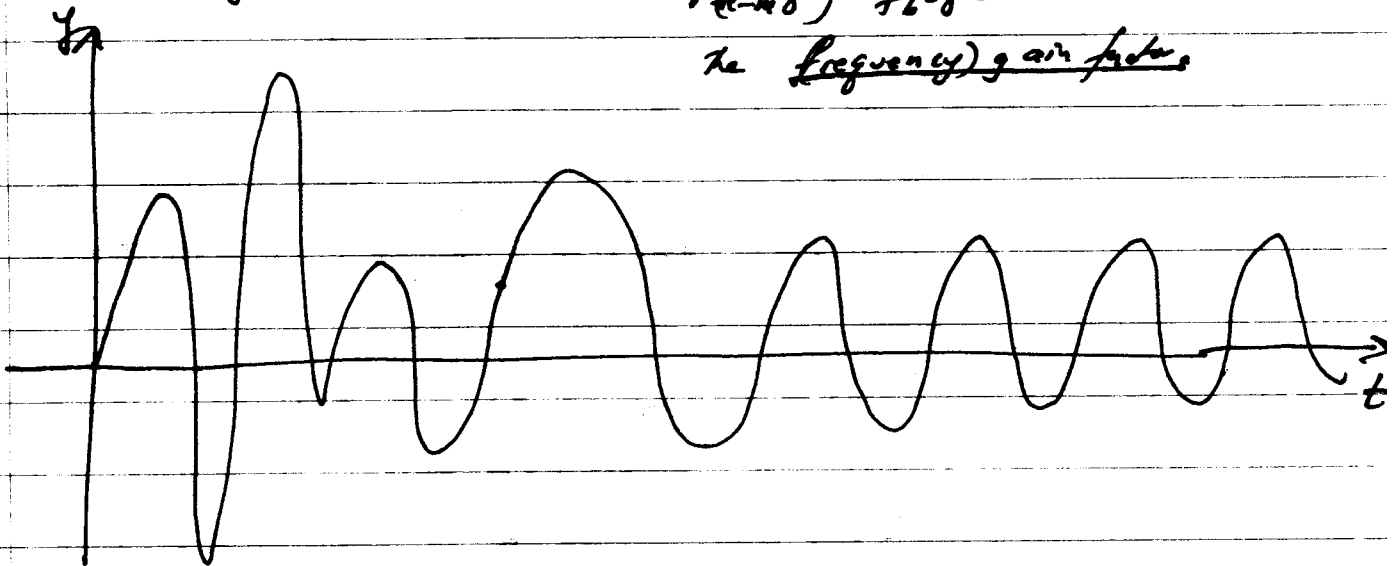
$$y = \underbrace{A e^{\alpha t} \sin(\beta t + \phi)}_{y_h} + \underbrace{\frac{F_0}{\sqrt{(k-m\gamma^2)^2 + b^2\gamma^2}} \sin(\delta t + \theta)}_{y_p}$$

y_h
damped oscillation
and $y_h \rightarrow 0$ as $t \rightarrow \infty$

TRANSIENT PART
of SOLUTION

STEADY-STATE SOLUTION
The factor

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{(k-m\gamma^2)^2 + b^2\gamma^2}}$ is called
the frequency gain factor



Example Find the steady state soln of a spring system with $m = 1 \text{ kg}$, $b = 2 \text{ N sec/m}$, $k = 2 \text{ N/m}$, and external force $F(t) = 10 \cos 2t$.

We want a particular soln to

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = 10 \cos 2t.$$

Note $b^2 = 4$, $4mk = 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 = 8$, $b^2 < 4mk$ and the system is under damped.

Method 1 ~~is~~ $r^2 + 2r + 2 = 0$

$$(r+1)^2 = -1$$

$$r+1 = \pm i, \quad r = -1 \pm i.$$

$r = 2i$ is not a soln of A.E.