

Proof

$$\begin{aligned}
 \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(1-q^n)}{(1-zq^n)(1-z^{-1}q^n)} &= \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1-q^n) \cdot \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1-zq^n} \cdot \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}q^n} \\
 &= \sum_{\pi_1 \in \mathcal{P}D} (-1)^{\#\pi_1} q^{|\pi_1|} \sum_{\pi_2 \in \mathcal{P}} z^{|\pi_2|} q^{\#\pi_2} \sum_{\pi_3 \in \mathcal{P}} z^{-|\pi_3|} q^{\#\pi_3} \\
 &= \sum_{\pi = (\pi_1, \pi_2, \pi_3) \in V = \mathcal{P}D \times \mathcal{P} \times \mathcal{P}} (-1)^{\#\pi_1} z^{\#\pi_2 - \#\pi_3} q^{|\pi_1| + |\pi_2| + |\pi_3|} \\
 &= \sum_{\pi \in V} w(\pi) z^{\text{crank}(\pi)} q^{|\pi|} \\
 &= \sum_{n \geq 0} \sum_m \left(\sum_{\substack{\pi \in V \\ \text{crank}(\pi) = m \\ |\pi| = n}} w(\pi) \right) z^m q^n \\
 &= \sum_{n \geq 0} \sum_m N_V(m, n) z^m q^n. \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary

(1) $N_V(m, n) = N_V(-m, n)$

for all m, n

(2) $N_V(k, t, m) = N_V(t-k, t, n)$

for all k, n, t , also $t \geq 1$,

where

$$N_V(k, t, n) = \sum_{\substack{|\pi| = n \\ \text{crank}(\pi) \equiv k \pmod{t}}} w(\pi)$$